

MAT 91122 Opgave E41

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Massebalanceligningerne

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d}{dt}(2y(t)) &= e^{-t} - 2y(t) + u(t-2)z(t-2) \\ \frac{d}{dt}(3z(t)) &= 2te^{-t} - 4z(t) + 2y(t) + 3\delta(t-3)\end{aligned}$$

Ved Laplacetransformation fås

$$\begin{aligned}2s\bar{y}(s) - 2y(0) &= \frac{1}{s+1} - 2\bar{y}(s) + e^{-2s}\bar{z}(s) \\ 3s\bar{z}(s) - 3z(0) &= \frac{2}{(s+1)^2} - 4\bar{z}(s) + 2\bar{y}(s) + 3e^{-3s}\end{aligned}$$

Idet vi udnytter, at $y(0) = 0 = z(0)$, fås

$$\begin{aligned}2(s+1)\bar{y}(s) - e^{-2s}\bar{z}(s) &= \frac{1}{s+1} \\ -2\bar{y}(s) + (3s+4)\bar{z}(s) &= \frac{2}{(s+1)^2} + 3e^{-3s}\end{aligned}$$

Løsning af disse to ligninger med de to ubekendte $\bar{y}(s)$ og $\bar{z}(s)$ kan f.eks. foretages ved brug af determinantmetoden (Cramers regel):

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{z}(s) &= \frac{\begin{vmatrix} 2(s+1) & \frac{1}{s+1} \\ -2 & \frac{2}{(s+1)^2} + 3e^{-3s} \end{vmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} 2(s+1) & -e^{-2s} \\ -2 & 3s+4 \end{vmatrix}} \\ &= \frac{6\frac{e^{-3s}(s+1)^2+1}{s+1}}{2(3s+4)(s+1) - 2e^{-2s}} = \frac{3e^{-3s}(s+1)^2 + 3}{(3s+4)(s+1)^2 - (s+1)e^{-2s}}\end{aligned}$$